

410 Groveland Ave. No. 802 Minneapolis MN 55403 9 June 1995

Dr. Henry Blackburn, Mayo Professor Division of Epidemiology, School of Public Health University of Minnesota 1300 South Second Street Suite 300 Minneapolis MN 55454-1015.

Dear Henry,

Tom Strasser has sent you what I think is a copy of Kannel's Ancel Keys 1994 lecture. I think this should be discussed in the ms. on the raulroad men. With my terrible vision I cannot read the ms. in full but I think we should comment that the Framingham data includes men younger than age 40 so the analysis is not comparable to the analyses restricted to men aged 40-59 as in our studies, It may be that body, mass index is a risk factor for relatively young men but we deal with middle-aged men at entry.

I thought perhaps our exclusion of prevalence men would make a difference but I emclose a copy of the US railroad finding when prevalence is not excluded. BMI does not distinguish 25-year dead and alive.

I have also made the analysis on the U,S. railroad men restricted to men under age 50 at entry. Entry BMI does not distinguish the survivors from the meen dead in 25 years.

In the Framingham data I hve not seen the age diitribution and I'd like to see the relation of 25-year deaths to body mass index in meb aged 40 to 59 to compare with our analyses. Also I wondfr about pointung out that Framingham subjects are not a sample of a defined populatioin; a third of the subjects are volunteers. Can youn write a few lines on the age, and perhaps on the sampleis for the ms?

Yours,

Ancel Keys